

# TOWARDS A BETTER UNDERSTANDING OF TEACHER RECOGNITION IN SOCIETY: ISSUES AND CHALLENGES

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## ABSTRACT

A functioning educational system is dependent on the acknowledgment of teachers. However, it is frequently eclipsed by a number of problems and difficulties that are prevalent in society. The paper examines the current situation of societal respect for teachers, analyzes the major problems and difficulties encountered, and offers potential answers. The study explores the function of teachers, society perceptions of the field, and the effects of insufficient recognition. Findings indicate that despite the critical role of teachers, they often face a lack of appreciation, inadequate compensation, and a general undervaluation of their profession (Ingersoll & Strong, 2011). A multifaceted strategy encompassing stakeholders like governments, educational institutions, and society at large is needed to address these concerns.

**Keywords:** *Teacher Recognition, Nurturing and Educating, Developing Skills, Pillar of Society, Parental Expectations, Community Development.*

## 1. Introduction

Teachers play a pivotal role in shaping the future of society by nurturing and educating the next generation (Darling-Hammond, 2017). Despite the critical nature of their work, teachers often face a lack of recognition and appreciation; both at a professional and societal level (OECD, 2019). This lack of recognition manifests in various forms, including inadequate compensation, a lack of professional development opportunities, and a general undervaluation of the teaching profession (OECD, 2019). Examining the current state of societal appreciation for teachers, identifying the key issues and challenges encountered, and suggesting potential solutions are the main goals of this paper.

The Role of Teachers is that they are the backbone of any educational system. They are responsible for imparting knowledge, developing skills, and shaping the attitudes and values of their students (Hattie, 2003). Teachers play a multifaceted role, acting as educators, mentors, counselors, and role models (Darling-Hammond, 2017). They have a significant impact on their students' lives in a variety of ways that go beyond the classroom. The interactions a child has with teachers have a significant impact on the development of their cognitive, social, and emotional skills. (Pianta, Hamre, & Stuhlman, 2003). Furthermore, teachers play a crucial role in fostering a sense

of belonging and creating a supportive and inclusive environment for all students (Cornelius-White, 2007).

## Society and Teachers

Societal attitudes towards teachers and their profession greatly impact their recognition and respect. Societal perception of teachers is influenced by a host of factors, including the media, which often portrays teachers in a less than flattering light (Dolton, 2018). Another significant issue is the high workload and stress faced by teachers. The increasing demands on teachers, including administrative tasks, student assessments, and parental expectations, contribute to their stress levels (Kyriacou, 2001). The lack of recognition and support often leads to high levels of teacher attrition. High attrition rates are concerning as they lead to a loss of experienced teachers, which in turn affects the quality of education (Guarino, Santibañez, & Daley, 2006). The well-being and effectiveness of teachers are closely linked to student outcomes. When teachers are well-supported and satisfied with their job, they are more likely to create a positive learning environment, which has a positive impact on students' academic and social development (Jennings & Greenberg, 2009). Addressing the issue of teacher recognition requires a comprehensive approach. Governments and educational institutions must work together to ensure adequate compensation, provide professional

development opportunities, and create a supportive work environment for teachers (Borman & Dowling, 2008).

Societal attitudes towards teachers and the teaching profession vary widely across the globe. In some cultures, teachers are highly respected and revered, while in others, they are often undervalued and underappreciated (Ingersoll & Strong, 2011). The perception of teachers and their profession is influenced by various factors, including cultural norms, historical context, and the socio-economic status of a country (OECD, 2019). In some societies, teaching is considered a noble and prestigious profession, whereas in others, it is viewed as a less desirable career option. These attitudes often translate into the level of recognition and support that teachers receive from society, which, in turn, impacts their job satisfaction, motivation, and overall well-being (Skaalvik & Skaalvik, 2017).

#### **A Teacher's Role as a Pillar of Society**

Given their enormous impact on how a society will change in the future, teachers are the cornerstone of any civilization. They are accountable for educating the following generation and fostering in them the knowledge, values, and critical-thinking skills necessary for both individual and societal development. In addition to assisting with academic development, teachers also shape a person's personality, sense of self, and outlook on life. They act as guides, mentors, and role models for those they come into contact with, helping them overcome challenges and become deserving, valuable members of society. The developments of a sense of community among individuals from various backgrounds as well as the encouragement of social cohesion are other crucial tasks that educators must carry out. By fostering respect, acceptance, and understanding among individuals, teachers contribute to the development of a more inclusive and peaceful society. As a result of their profound and long-lasting influences on people's lives and the welfare of society as a whole, teachers are, in summary, a crucial force for positive change.

Students may disrespect teachers for a variety of reasons:

#### **Lack of Connection**

Students frequently find it difficult to respect teachers they don't get along with. Building relationships is one of the most crucial steps to earning others' respect. A student is less likely to respect their teacher if they believe that they are not valued as a student.

#### **Inconsistent Discipline**

A lack of respect can result from inconsistent rules and punishments. When it comes to the expectations they have for their students, the teacher must be fair and transparent with them.

#### **Lack of Respect**

There is mutual respect. If a teacher disrespects them, students are more likely to behave disrespectfully toward them.

#### **Peer Pressure**

Students occasionally behave disrespectfully toward teachers due to the influence of their peers. This may be motivated by the desire to fit in with their peers or gain the approval of their friends by being regarded as cool.

#### **Personal Issues**

Sometimes, a student's internal issues such as insecurities or issues at home are the root cause of their disrespect for their teacher. On the other hand, students may respect teachers for the following reasons:

#### **Positive Relationships**

Research indicates that students are more likely to respect their teachers if they feel a personal connection with them and can see that they are individuals.

#### **Fair and Consistent**

If a teacher behaves fairly and consistently upholds their expectations and rules, they are more likely to win the students' respect.

#### **Competence**

Students respect teachers who are both competent and knowledgeable in their subject matter.

#### **Respectful Treatment**

It is crucial to treat your students with decency and respect so that you can gain their

respect in return.

### **Supportive**

If students believe their teachers are encouraging and eager to support them, they are more likely to respect them.

Overall, there are a variety of factors that influence how much respect or disrespect students show for their teachers, including the nature of the relationship between the teacher and the student, the teacher's competence and fairness, and external factors affecting the student.

### **Issues and Challenges**

#### **Inadequate Compensation**

One of the most pressing issues faced by teachers worldwide is inadequate compensation (OECD, 2019). Despite the demanding nature of their work, teachers are often paid less compared to other professions requiring similar levels of education and expertise (Allegretto & Mishel, 2016). The salary disparity is even more pronounced in low-income countries, where teachers often struggle to make ends meet. Inadequate compensation not only affects the financial stability of teachers but also impacts their motivation and job satisfaction (Skaalvik & Skaalvik, 2017).

#### **Lack of Professional Development Opportunities**

Continuous professional development is crucial for teachers to stay updated with the latest teaching methods, curriculum changes, and advancements in their field of expertise (Ingersoll & Strong, 2011). However, many teachers face a lack of opportunities for professional development, either due to a lack of resources, time constraints, or inadequate support from their employers (OECD, 2019). This hampers their ability to grow professionally and deliver quality education to their students.

#### **Undervaluation of the Profession**

The teaching profession is often undervalued by society, which impacts the recognition and respect accorded to teachers (OECD, 2019). This undervaluation is manifested in various ways, including inadequate compensation, lack of professional development opportunities, and a general lack of appreciation for the work that teachers do

(Skaalvik & Skaalvik, 2017). This undervaluation often leads to low job satisfaction, high levels of stress, and a lack of motivation among teachers.

#### **High Workload and Stress**

Teachers often face high levels of workload and stress, which negatively impact their wellbeing and job satisfaction (Skaalvik & Skaalvik, 2017). The demands of the job often extend beyond the classroom, with teachers spending a significant amount of time on planning, grading, and administrative tasks (OECD, 2019). Additionally, teachers often face challenges in managing large class sizes, dealing with behavioral issues, and meeting the diverse needs of their students (OECD, 2019).

#### **Lack of Support and Resources**

Many teachers face a lack of support and resources, both at a professional and personal level (Ingersoll & Strong, 2011). This includes a lack of instructional materials, inadequate classroom facilities, and a lack of support from school administrators and colleagues (OECD, 2019). This lack of support and resources hampers the ability of teachers to deliver quality education and meet the needs of their students.

#### **Societal Expectations and Pressures**

Teachers often face high expectations and pressures from various stakeholders, including parents, school administrators, and the wider community (Hargreaves, 2000). These expectations often translate into additional workload and stress for teachers, impacting their well-being and job satisfaction (Skaalvik & Skaalvik, 2017).

The lack of recognition and appreciation faced by teachers has several implications, both at an individual and societal level.

#### **Impact on Teacher Well-being**

The lack of recognition, inadequate compensation, high workload, and stress often lead to burnout and mental health issues among teachers (Skaalvik & Skaalvik, 2017). This impacts their well-being, job satisfaction, and motivation, which, in turn, affects their ability to deliver quality education to their students.

#### **Impact on Teacher Retention**

The lack of recognition and support often leads to high levels of teacher attrition,

with many teachers leaving the profession due to dissatisfaction, stress, and a lack of opportunities for professional growth (Ingersoll & Strong, 2011). This has a detrimental impact on the education system, as it leads to a shortage of experienced and qualified teachers.

### **Impact on Student Outcomes**

The well-being and effectiveness of teachers are closely linked to student outcomes (Hattie, 2003). Teachers who are well-supported, motivated, and satisfied with their job are more likely to create a positive and supportive learning environment, which positively impacts the academic and social development of their students.

### **Different Countries Recognize Teachers Differently**

There is a wide variation in teacher recognition across different regions of the world, influenced by a number of factors, including economic development, cultural norms, and geographical location. Addressing the issue of teacher recognition requires a comprehensive and nuanced approach that takes into account these various factors.

### **Developed v/s Developing Countries**

In many developed countries, teachers are relatively better recognized and compensated compared to developing countries. For example, teachers in countries like Luxembourg, Germany, and Canada earn higher salaries compared to their counterparts in countries such as Turkey, Chile, and Colombia (OECD, 2019). However, even within developed countries, there is a significant disparity in teacher recognition. For example, teachers in the United States often face challenges related to inadequate compensation, lack of professional development opportunities, and high workload (Ingersoll & Strong, 2011).

### **Cultural Differences**

Cultural differences also play a significant role in teacher recognition. In some Asian countries, such as Japan and South Korea, teachers are held in high esteem and are well-respected members of society (OECD, 2019). This is in contrast to other countries, where the teaching profession is often undervalued and underappreciated (Ingersoll & Strong, 2011).

### **Urban vs. Rural Areas**

There is also a significant disparity in teacher recognition between urban and rural areas. Teachers in urban areas often have access to better resources, professional development opportunities, and higher salaries compared to their counterparts in rural areas (Mulkeen, 2010). This disparity is particularly pronounced in developing countries, where rural teachers often face challenges related to inadequate resources, poor working conditions, and lack of support (Mulkeen, 2010).

### **Possible Solutions**

**Adequate Compensation:** Ensuring adequate compensation for teachers is crucial for recognizing their contribution and ensuring their financial stability. This includes not only providing competitive salaries but also offering benefits such as health insurance, retirement plans, and paidleave (OECD, 2019).

### **Professional Development Opportunities**

Providing opportunities for continuous professional development is essential for supporting the growth and development of teachers. This includes offering access to training programs, conferences, and workshops, as well as providing support for further education and specialization (Ingersoll & Strong, 2011).

### **Support and Resources**

Providing adequate support and resources is essential for enabling teachers to deliver quality education. This includes providing instructional materials, adequate classroom facilities, and support from school administrators and colleagues (OECD, 2019).

### **Recognition and Appreciation**

Promoting a culture of recognition and appreciation is crucial for enhancing the job satisfaction and motivation of teachers. This includes recognizing their achievements and contributions, both at a professional and personal level, and providing positive feedback and encouragement (Skaalvik & Skaalvik, 2017).

### **Workload Management**

Addressing the issue of high workload and stress is crucial for enhancing the well-being and job satisfaction of teachers. This includes

providing adequate planning and preparation time, reducing class sizes, and providing support for managing behavioral issues and meeting the diverse needs of students (OECD, 2019).

## 2. Conclusion

As they play a critical role in forming the future generations who will become the leaders, citizens, and workforce of a nation, teachers are essential to nation-building. They not only convey academic information but also value, a sense of social responsibility, and the skills required for individual and societal development. Teachers contribute to a country's development of its human capital, which is crucial for political stability, social cohesion, and economic growth. They help young people develop the creativity, critical thinking, and feeling of responsibility that are necessary for innovation, good governance, and societal advancement. Moreover, by encouraging tolerance, respect, and mutual

understanding among people from different backgrounds, teachers help to promote social integration and national unity. In conclusion, teachers are a vital force for good change and nation-building because of their significant and long-lasting effects on a nation's growth and well-being.

A successful educational system must emphasize the importance of teacher recognition. The many problems and difficulties that plague society, however, frequently cast a shadow over it. A multifaceted strategy is needed to address these problems, involving a variety of stakeholders including governments, educational institutions, and the general public. We can build a more supportive and inclusive educational system that benefits both teachers and students by appreciating the value of teachers and giving them the assistance and resources they require.

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